

CLINICAL PAYMENT AND CODING POLICY

If a conflict arises between a Clinical Payment and Coding Policy (CPCP) and any plan document under which a member is entitled to Covered Services, the plan document will govern. If a conflict arises between a CPCP and any provider contract pursuant to which a provider participates in and/or provides Covered Services to eligible member(s) and/or plans, the provider contract will govern. "Plan documents" include, but are not limited to, Certificates of Health Care Benefits, benefit booklets, Summary Plan Descriptions and other coverage documents. BCBSTX may use reasonable discretion interpreting and applying this policy to services being delivered in a particular case. BCBSTX has full and final discretionary authority for their interpretation and application to the extent provided under any applicable plan documents.

Providers are responsible for the submission of accurate documentation of services performed. Providers are expected to submit claims for services rendered using valid code combinations from the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) approved code sets. Claims should be coded appropriately according to industry-standard coding guidelines including, but not limited to Uniform Billing (UB) Editor, American Medical Association (AMA), Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®), CPT® Assistant, Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS), ICD-10 CM and PCS, National Drug Codes (NDC), Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) guidelines, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Policy Manual, CCI table edits and other CMS guidelines.

Claims are subject to the code edit protocols for services/procedures billed. Claim submissions are subject to claim review including but not limited to, any terms of benefit coverage, provider contract language, medical policies, clinical payment and coding policies as well as coding software logic. Upon request, the provider is urged to submit any additional documentation.

Implant Payment and Coding Policy

Policy Number: CPCP007

Version: 1.0

Enterprise Clinical Payment and Coding Policy Committee Approval Date: July 6, 2020

Plan Effective Date: October 10, 2020 (Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Texas Only)

Description

The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) defines a medical implant as a device or tissue that is placed into a surgically or naturally formed cavity of the human body and is intended to remain there for a period of 30 days or more. However, there may be instances where a device that remains in the body less than 30 days, could be considered as an implant such as implants which deliver medication, monitor body functions, or provide support to organs and tissues.

Implants must remain in the patient's body upon discharge from the inpatient stay or outpatient procedure. Implants may include but are not limited to: metal anchors artificial joints, pins, plates, radioactive seeds, metal screws, shunts, stents, types of allografts^{1,2}, and types of autografts ^{1,2}.

Autografts are not eligible for separate reimbursement as the cost for the harvest and preparation should be included in the procedure charge. Generally, materials, allografts that are dissolved/absorbed/resorbed/remodeled, and liquids such as sealants, hemostats and topical Hemostats, will not be reimbursed if billed as an implant unless there is an exception such as extended support of organs and tissues. A supply or instrument is not an implant if it is purposed to be removed or discarded during the same inpatient or outpatient procedure or single episode of care in which they are placed in the body.

Some examples of supplies, instruments and miscellaneous items that will not be additionally reimbursed outside of the global fee

| ADVANCED HEMOSTATS & SEALANTS | SYNTHETIC SEALANTS | TOPICAL ABSORBABLE HEMOSTATS (TAH) & TOPICAL THROMBINS | Instruments & Miscellaneous |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Surgiflo | Duraseal | Surgicel | Bone Morphogenetic Proteins (BMP) ¹ |
| Evicel | Bioglue | Instant Surgifoam | Bone Putty |
| Floseal | Progel | Arista | Endoscopes |
| Tisseel | Coseal | Avitene | Catheters |
| Seprafilm | Omnex | Gelfoam Plus | Staples |
| | | Evithrom | Clips |
| | | Thrombin-JMI | Tubes |
| | | Recothrom | Temporary Drains |
| | | | Guide wires |

Reimbursement Information:

Revenue Code 278 Other Implants

- ➤ If separately reimbursable, billed charges for revenue code 278 may require a vendor's invoice to support implants used that correspond to the services rendered unless otherwise agreed upon.
- > These units must be clearly indicated on the vendor invoices submitted with the claim. If the units do not match or are not noted, the revenue code 278 will be denied unless otherwise agreed upon.
- ➤ If implants are purchased by the provider in bulk, the units that apply to the claim billed must be noted on the invoice or the revenue code 278 will be denied unless otherwise agreed upon.



Contaminated/Unused/Wasted Implants or Supplies

Facilities will not be reimbursed for implants and supplies that are presumed contaminated, considered a waste and/or were not implanted in the patient. The plan urges providers and facilities to utilize implants and supplies in an efficient manner to prevent waste. Some examples are:

- Any items that were prepared or opened during a case but **not** used or implanted into the patient;
- Items opened by mistake;
- > Change of mind by the surgeon to use an item for the patient;
- > Equipment failure/technical difficulties; and
- Surgery case cancellation.
- Large packages of supplies or implants when more appropriate packaging can be purchased.

Additional Reimbursement Information

- Provider or vendor administrative storage and delivery costs will not be reimbursed.
- Items or services should be all encompassed under the surgical rate charge and therefore the patient should not be responsible for these charges or services unless allowed under the terms of their health benefit plan.

The plan reserves the right to request supporting documentation if claim(s) do not adhere to coding and billing which may result in a denial or reassigned payment rate. Claims may be reviewed on a case by case basis.

Definitions:

Adhesives-glues which are capable of bonding various tissues together including a variety of surfaces such as skin or muscle and are also capable of bonding blood vessels together.

Hemostats-effective for diffusing bleeding

Material – Inorganic or biological substance(s) that cannot be dissolved, absorbed, resorbed or remodeled.

Sealants-agents that can prevent the leakage of potentially nonclotting fluids from tissues such as cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) from the central nervous system but may also be capable of preventing the leakage of blood from blood vessels. Sealants form a barrier preventing a flow of liquids.

Topical Hemostats-materials that stop bleeding by causing blood to clot and thus require blood to be present to satisfy their clotting function.



¹ Allografts when mixed with viable stem cells are considered experimental, investigational or unproven (EIU) and are not eligible for reimbursement.

References:

https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ProductsandMedicalProcedures/ImplantsandProsthetics/

Medical Policy SUR 703.051

Medical Policy SUR 705.038

Clinical and Applied Thrombosis/Hemostasis 16(5) 497-514 @

https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/1076029610363589 #

Policy Update History:

| Approval Date | Description |
|---------------|---|
| 07/25/2017 | New policy |
| 06/11/2018 | Annual Review |
| 11/07/2018 | Verbiage updates |
| 04/01/2019 | Annual Review |
| 07/06/2020 | Annual Review, Verbiage Updates and Disclaimer Update |

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² Implants differ from transplants. Transplants are composed of biomedical tissue.